













- [27] ISO 14040: Environmental Management- Life Cycle Assessment-Principles and Framework.
- [28] Kreider J F, Rabl A. (2007). Heating and cooling of buildings: design for efficiency. Taylor & Francis, 2007
- [29] Salazar J. Life Cycle assessment case study of North American residential Windows. Thesis for the degree of master of Science. University of British Columbia. December 2007. Recuperado el: 12 de Agosto de 2010, de: [https://circle.ubc.ca/bitstream/handle/2429/919/ubc\\_2008\\_spring\\_salazar\\_james.pdf?sequence=1](https://circle.ubc.ca/bitstream/handle/2429/919/ubc_2008_spring_salazar_james.pdf?sequence=1)
- [30] Schmidt D., Ala-Juusela M., Low exergy systems for heating and cooling of buildings. Plea2004 - The 21st Conference on Passive and Low Energy Architecture. Eindhoven, The Netherlands, 19 – 22. September 2004. Recuperado el: Julio de 2010 de [http://www.ibp.fraunhofer.de/Images/KB%20eng%205\\_tcm45-30971.pdf](http://www.ibp.fraunhofer.de/Images/KB%20eng%205_tcm45-30971.pdf)
- [31] Venkatarama B, Jagadish K.(2003). Embodied energy for common and alternative building materials and technologies. *Energy and Buildings* 35 (2003) 129-137.
- [32] Wier G, Muneer T. (1996). Energy and environmental impact analysis of double-glazed Windows. *Energy Conversion and Management* 39 No. 3/4 243-256.