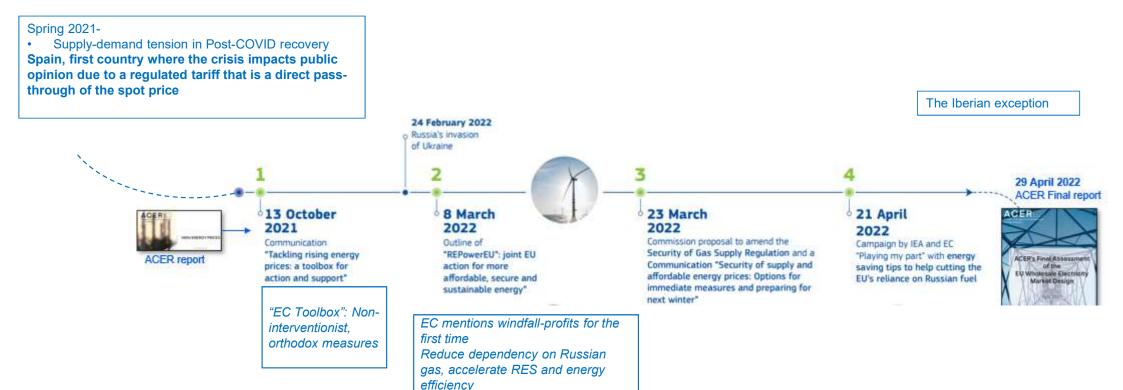
From the implementation of emergency interventions to the review of market design: how two years of energy price crisis have changed the European electricity market

26/05/2023



The energy price crisis Context and UE response: from orthodoxy...





Fill gas storage

The energy price crisis Context and UE response: ... to intervention





Gas & electricity prices: record levels in 2022







generation: 180 €/MWh

- Solidarity tax on oil, gas and coal companies
- Joint gas purchases
- Market correction mechanisms

A legislative market design proposal is announced for 2023. EC non-paper suggests measures on existing capacity, cost-based remuneration

Some key topics



Is the marginal market a design choice?

The relevance of the spot market

Windfall profits

Do interventions distort the market?

Should interventions evolve into permanent design?

The market design reform

Radical proposals seem to be out of the picture



Wide agreement on:

- > Preserving the **short term marginal market**
- Increase liquidity in forward markets
- Promote long term contracts (time horizons similar to those of generation projects)



Different views regarding:

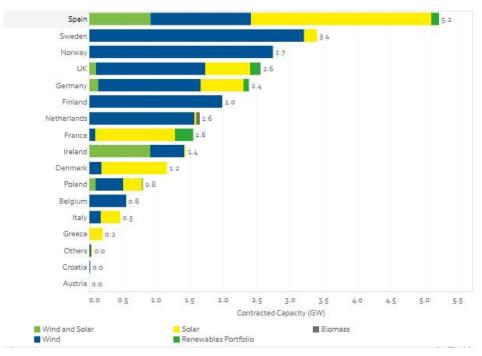
- Extending the emergency interventions and other measures on existing generation capacity
- Private contracting (PPAs) vs centralized/public contracting (CfD auctions)
- Design and implementation of CfD and similar mechanisms
- Increasing liquidity in forward markets: virtual trading hubs, more flexible collateral requirements
- Measures on retail market: from regulated tariffs to affordability options
- Measures on retailers: product obligation, hedging requirements







The challenge of PPAs



Fuente: Re-source

GW (2013-2022)

endesa

Legal restrictions
Standardization
Transparency
Credit risk guarantees

Good for large consumers

Difficult application to small

consumers

Contracts for differences

De-risking new capacity



Centralized auctions

Already exist in many countries

Settlement

- The expectation now: CfD price < market price
- The future: CfD price > market price

Design and implementation

- Traditional: settled against the spot market
- Distorts dispatching
- Removes liquidity from forward market
- Improvements:
- Settle against forward market
- Settle against theoretical profile instead of actual production
- Technologically neutral?

Settlement of the CfD

- Against all demand
- Can distort hourly price signal: impact on electrolysers, storage, demand-side response
- Voluntarily among retailers/consumers
- The gap between CfD duration and endcustomer contracts
- Central counterparty?
- Obligations on retailers?

Increasing liquidity in forward markets





Collaterals



Auctioning long term transmission rights in the interconnections



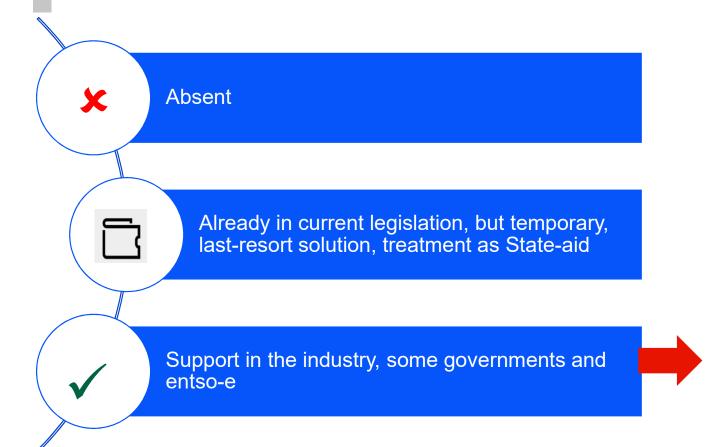
olmprove market supervision



Market making

Capacity markets



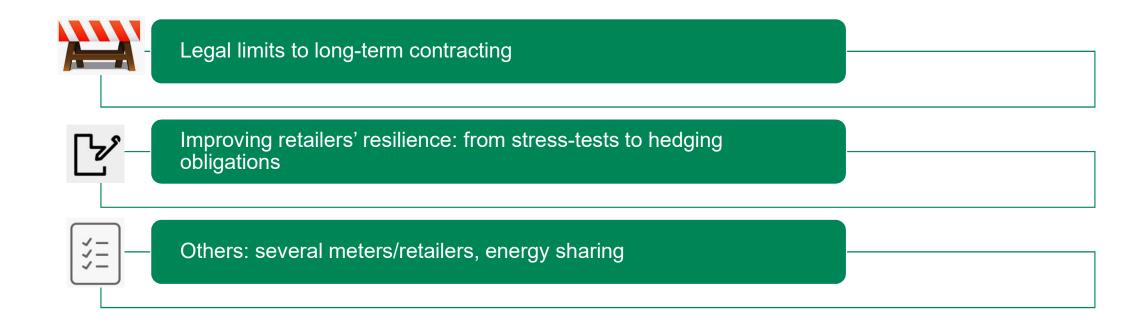




In this context, targeted improvements to the EU framework related to resource adequacy and in particular to Capacity Remuneration Mechanisms (CRMs) are required. Such improvements should aim at faster, clearer and more fit-for-purpose processes, facilitating the introduction of CRMs at national level while improving their consistency and coordination at regional/EU level. In this context, the scope and approval process of the European Resource Adequacy Assessment should also be reviewed. We strongly support the inclusion of these measures in the upcoming EU regulation.

Retail market





Interventions on existing capacity





Extend current caps



Extend the Iberian exception



Mandatory CfD at regulated prices